Section 17-4 Patterns of Evolution (pages 435-440)

Key Concept

• What are six important patterns of macroevolution?

Introduction (page 435)

- 1. The large-scale evolutionary changes that take place over long periods of time are referred to as
- 2. What are six patterns of macroevolution?

a	d
b	e
c	f

Extinction (page 435)

- 3. What are possible causes of mass extinctions?
- 4. What effects have mass extinctions had on the history of life?

Adaptive Radiation (page 436)

- 5. The process of a single species or a small group of species evolving into diverse forms that live ____· in different ways is called
- 6. What led to the adaptive radiation of mammals?

Convergent Evolution (pages 436-437)

- 7. The process by which unrelated organisms come to resemble one another is called
- 8. Circle the letter of each choice that is an example of convergent evolution.
 - **a.** Bird's wing and fish's fin
 - b. Shark's fin and dolphin's limb
 - **c.** Human's arm and bird's wing
 - **d.** Human's leg and dolphin's limb

pevolution (pages 437-438)
The process by which two species evolve in response to changes in each other over
time is called
How have plants and plant-eating insects coevolved?
Inctuated Equilibrium (page 439)
The idea that evolution occurs at a slow, steady rate is called
What are some reasons rapid evolution may occur after long periods of equilibrium?
The pattern of long, stable periods interrupted by brief periods of more rapid change is
called Is the following sentence true or false? Evolution has often proceeded at different rates for
different organisms
evelopmental Genes and Body Plans (page 440)
How can hox genes help reveal how evolution occurred?

16. Is the following sentence true or false? Changes in the timing of genetic control during embryonic development can contribute to the variation involved in natural selection.