VOLLEYBALL

NATURE AND PURPOSE

Volleyball is played by two teams of six players each on a court 60 by 30 feet, divided into two halves, with a net 8 feet high (7 feet 4 ½ inches high in women's volleyball). The players are designated as left, center, and right forwards and left, center, and right backs. When it is a team's turn to serve, every player rotates one position clockwise and the right back serves (see Figure 24-1).

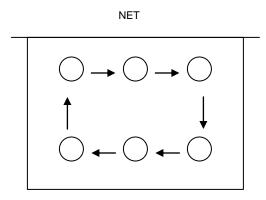
The object of the game is to keep the ball from striking the floor on your side of the net and to return it so that it strikes the floor on your opponents' side before they can return it. The ball is put in play from behind the rear boundary line by the right back, who serves it across the net into the opponents' court. The ball is then volleyed back and forth until one team or the other fails to return the ball. If the serving team makes the error, it loses the serve. An error by the receiving team gives one point to the servers. A team can score only when it serves and it continues to serve as long as it scores.

Teams are permitted three hits to return the ball across the net. One player may execute two of the three hits, but not two in succession. Exception; A block of a spike is not considered as one of the three hits, and the blocker may immediately play the ball again.

The serve must go directly from the server to the opponents' court without touching a teammate which would result in a side-out. The ball may contact the net and go over.

A match consists of the best two of three games at the high school level, the best of five at the collegiate level. The scoring system is called RALLY SCORING.

Volleyball games are played to 25 points, but teams must win by at least 2 points.



TERMINOLOGY

Block Defensive play by players (or a player) in the forward positions who place their hands and arms above the net so that a spiked ball rebounds into the opponents' court or back to their own.

Bump pass The forearm pass made on low balls. **Carrying the ball** The ball must be clearly batted. If it rests momentarily in the player's hands, it is considered illegal.

Dig pass A pass made with the hand slightly cupped or with the fist of one hand, usually on a difficult play.

Dink A soft shot off the fingertips used when faking a spike.

Double foul Infraction of rules by both teams during the same play.

Forearm pass A pass made off the forearms. Used to play served balls, hard-driven spikes, or any low ball.

Free ball A return of a ball by the opponent that may easily be handled.

Kill A spike that cannot be returned.

Overhand pass A pass made by contacting the ball above the head with the finger pads.

Point A point is scored when the receiving team fails to return the ball legally to the opponents' court.

Rotation Shifting of the players, clockwise, when gaining the ball from the opponents.

Serve The method of putting the ball in play over the net by striking it with the hand.

Set The placement of the ball near the net to facilitate spiking.

Setter Person assigned to set the ball. Side out Side is out when the serving team fails to win a point or plays the ball illegally.

Spike A ball hit with a strong downward force into the opponents' court.

Spiker Person assigned to spike the ball.

Ace Serve Any serve delivered in such manner that the opponents are unable to return it.

Dead Ball A ball out of play following a point, side out, or any other decision of the referee temporarily suspending play.

Double Hit A ball hit twice in succession by the same player in a single attempt to play the ball.

Game Point The situation in a game when the serving team is within one point of winning the game.

Offensive Strategy

OFFENSIVE STRATEGY

The basic "bump-set-spike" concept is fundamental to all offensive play patterns.

When the ball is served or hit by the opponents it is passed (usually by a bump) to the center front position. This position should be occupied by the "setter" who can best set the ball (preferably using the overhead pass) to one of the available spikers. On the third contact the spiker hits the ball (preferably using the spike) into the opposite court.

SPIKING

A player is located on the "on hand" side when their predominant hand (right hand) is on the same side as the approaching set, usually the left front position. Also is referred to as the "power side". A player is on their "off hand" side when their hitting hand is on the opposite side of the set, usually the right front position.

SIMPLIFIED RULES

Volleyball rules are simple and can be learned quickly by beginners. The simplified rules follow. The penalty for practically every foul is the loss of the ball for the side serving or loss of the point if thereceiving side fouls.

- 1. The ball must be served by the right back from behind the rear line, right of the 10-foot mark, and may be hit in any manner with the hand.
- 2. The serve may not contact a teammate and must pass over the net into the opponents' court.
- 3. It is a foul for players to touch the net, or to step completely over the center line.
- 4. Lifting or throwing the ball while it is in play is a foul. The play must be a distinct hit of the ball.
- 5. A ball landing on a boundary line is considered "in bounds."
- 6. A point may be scored at any time of the game (rally scoring).
- 7. If a ball touches a player or a player touches a ball, he is considered as having played the ball. If the ball hits two or more blockers after being spiked, it is considered as having been played just once. A block is not considered as one of the three allowable hits.
- 8. The ball may be played only three times by one team in a volley, and a player may not play it twice in succession but may play it twice if it is played by a teammate in between.
- 9. Players of the serving team must rotate clock wise when receiving the ball to serve.
- 10. Players may shift position after the ball is served, but back row players are not permitted to block or spike.
- 11. Balls may be played only with body parts above the waist. Ball may not be kicked.
- 12. First serve or choice of courtside is decided by a coin toss. Teams alternate opening serves with each game.
- 13. Net height is 8 feet for men, 7 feet 4 ½ inches for women.
- 14. Players substituted for may return only for their replacement.
- 16. Ball may be blocked over the net, but may not be touched before the spike. You may not block a set or a serve.
- 17. Ball being spiked must be on your side of the net, but you may follow through over the net.
- 18. Back row players may spike from behind the 10-foot spiking line.
- 19. Players may NOT spike the serve.